

Pupil premium strategy statement

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium (and recovery premium for the 2022 to 2023 academic year) funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the effect that last year's spending of pupil premium had within our school.

School overview

Detail	Data
School name	Oulton Primary School
Number of pupils in school	305
Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils	35%
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan	2021-22
covers	2022-23
	2023-24
Date this statement was published	November 2023
Date on which it will be reviewed	November 2024
Statement authorised by	R Horton
Pupil premium lead	R Horton
Governor / Trustee lead	S Golton

Funding overview

Detail	Amount				
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year	£155,685				
Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year	£16,095				
Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable)	£0				
Total budget for this academic year If your school is an academy in a trust that pools this funding, state the amount available to your school this academic year	£171,780				

Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

Statement of intent

School Vision

The targeted and strategic use of pupil premium will support children in their learning and we aim to reduce the attainment and achievement gaps between pupil premium and non-pupil premium children both in school and nationally.

General Barriers Faced by Oulton's Pupil Premium Children:

- Our pupil premium children often have a narrow range of vocabulary and poor speaking and listening skills. These limits in language can limit academic progress in English, Maths and the wider curriculum
- Our pupil premium children can lack basic skills such as being able to write their own name (on entry to Reception), accurate spelling, knowledge of maths facts and efficient calculating methods
- Our pupil premium children often experience a lack of enrichment opportunities outside of school compared to non-pupil premium children due to financial constraints or a lack of opportunities made available to them
- Our pupil premium children's attendance rates have been historically lower than non-pupil premium pupils. This can have an impact on attainment and limit pupils' aspirations

Key Principles of Oulton's Pupil Premium Spending

By following the key principles below, we believe we can maximise the impact of our premium spending.

Building Belief:

We will provide an environment where:

- staff believe in ALL children
- staff have a solution focused approach so that children can progress despite presenting barriers
- staff support children to access and engage with learning
- staff build aspirations and a readiness for transition to high school

Analysing Data:

The school will ensure that

- We will constantly monitor the effectiveness of strategies used and review provision in the light of tracking data and other evidence
- All staff are involved in the analysis of data so that they are fully aware of the requirements for pupil premium funding and who is classed as pupil premium

Identification of Pupils:

- The Head Teacher alongside the Leadership Team will be responsible for Pupil Premium provision
- We ensure that appropriate provision is made for pupils who belong to vulnerable groups, this includes ensuring that the needs of socially disadvantaged pupils are adequately assessed and addressed
- In making provision for socially disadvantaged pupils, we recognise that not all pupils who
 receive free school meals will be socially disadvantaged

- We also recognise that not all pupils who are socially disadvantaged are registered or qualify for free school meals. We reserve the right to allocate premium funding to support any pupil or groups of pupils the school has legitimately identified as needing supportsupport is readily available for all and is not dependent on pupil premium status
- Pupil premium funding will be allocated following a needs analysis which will identify
 priority classes, groups or individuals. Limited funding and resources means that not all
 children receiving free school meals will be in receipt of pupil premium interventions at any
 one time. However, many initiatives will focus on the provision/improvement of 'Quality
 First Teaching' rather that specific small group approaches
- We ensure that teaching and learning opportunities meet the needs of all pupils
- Underachievement at all levels is targeted, including those children who are more able but not achieving their full potential

Quality First Teaching:

We will continue to ensure that teaching and learning opportunities meet the needs of all pupils, since our primary purpose is to ensure that quality first teaching (QFT) is provided throughout the school.

- All teachers will share good practice within the school and draw on external expertise
- The school will provide high quality professional development
- The Leadership Team will facilitate the improvement of assessment through joint levelling and moderation

Individualising Support:

"Everyone needs something, whatever that might be, and so they're all getting something somewhere."

We will ensure that the additional support we provide is effective by;

- Analysing the individual needs of the child and identifying their barriers to learning
- Aiming to accelerate progress by moving children to at least age-related expectations (ARE) especially in English and Maths
- Tailoring interventions to the needs of the child
- Allocating funding to a series of interventions grouped in progressive waves. The ultimate outcome of which will be that pupils will achieve their academic and personal potential
- Funded interventions will include pastoral support where appropriate e.g., attendance support, family liaison, development of social skills
- Providing extensive support for parents to support their children's learning within the curriculum.
- Providing additional provision for SEND pupils which will be funded through a combination of SEND funding and their Pupil Premium allocation where applicable
- Recognising and building on children's strengths to further boost confidence
- Providing individualised interventions for set periods of time to support children in times of crisis

Monitoring and Evaluation:

We will ensure that:

 A wide range of data sources are used – achievement data, pupils' work, observations, learning walks, case studies and staff, parent and pupil voice

- Assessment data is collected on a regular basis and the impact of interventions is monitored regularly
- Teaching staff attend and contribute to regular pupil progress meetings
- Regular feedback is given to children and their adults
- We will involve the widest possible group of appropriate stakeholders, members of the staff team, the Governing Body, pupils and their families, in making suggestions about pupil premium strategies and evaluating their outcomes

Reporting

It will be the responsibility of the Head Teacher, or a delegated member of staff, to produce Pupil Premium reports for the Governing Body, including the following:

- an account of the progress made towards narrowing the gap for socially disadvantaged pupils (Pupil Premium against non-Pupil Premium pupils and nationally).
- an outline of the provision that was made since the last meeting.
- an evaluation of the cost effectiveness, in terms of the progress made by the pupils receiving a specific provision.

Members of the Governing Body will ensure that an annual strategy statement is published on how the Pupil Premium funding has been used to address the issue of 'narrowing the gap', for socially disadvantaged pupils, and what the impact has been.

Challenges

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

Challenge number	Detail of challenge
1	Some pupils across the Early Years and KS1 have lower than expected speech and Language skills- this has a negative impact on their phonics/writing/reading as they are unable to correctly form the speech sounds in their independent work.
2	At the end of KS1 and KS2, disadvantaged pupils achieve less well than non-disadvantaged pupils.
3	The proportion of disadvantaged children who do not pass or just pass Y1 and Y2 phonics test is higher than non-disadvantaged pupils.
4	Some pupils present with challenging behaviour and suspected attachment difficulties. This stops them and their peers from accessing quality first teaching.
5	Some pupils and families require additional external support to enable their children to be emotionally ready to access their learning in school.

Intended outcomes

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

Intended outcome	Success criteria
Pupils, who are disadvantaged, communicate effectively and clearly making their meaning known. Pupils are equipped to access and participate in the curriculum and not held back by communication difficulties	 Disadvantaged pupils make good progress in their learning/development Learning environments are communication friendly and support pupils at different levels of language development via symbols, labels, monitoring and bespoke support Exit assessments from specific therapy plans demonstrate clear progress Disadvantaged pupils, with communication difficulties, make good progress in phonics and reading as demonstrated by ongoing and statutory assessments
Pupils, who are disadvantaged, achieve the best possible outcomes; not only in Reading, Writing and Maths but across the entire curriculum	 Disadvantaged pupils make good progress in their learning/development in relation to their individual starting points Work produced by pupils is of good quality and shows clear progression The progress gap between disadvantaged and other children is narrowing across school and compared to national All children are well supported to develop the knowledge, skills and independence needed to access the next phase of their education
Disadvantaged pupils can read at an age-appropriate level with fluency which enables them to access the broader curriculum	 Pupils gain phonics knowledge and language comprehension necessary to read, and the skills to communicate, giving them the foundations for future learning Most disadvantaged pupils in Year 1 achieve the expected standard in the national phonics check. The disadvantaged pass rate in Year 2 indicates that pupils have made good progress from Year 1 At all stages, reading attainment is assessed and gaps are addressed quickly using appropriate and well-pitched texts/books
Children's SEMH needs have limited impact on their/others learning	 The school's behaviour policy is used consistently across school Children (or their parents) access a range of support systems which positively impacts outcomes in school and more widely Pupils make good progress in their learning/development in relation to their individual starting points Behaviour records show that disruption to teaching and learning is minimised

Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium funding) **this academic year** to address the challenges listed above.

Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)

Budgeted cost: £13,669

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Proportion of salary of KS1 Leader/Phonics Leader to be released each day to coach, mentor and deliver CPD for RWI programme 3hrs x £42.40 x 38-weeks £4,834	Phonics approaches have a strong evidence base indicating a positive impact on pupils, particularly from disadvantaged backgrounds. Targeted phonics interventions have been shown to be more effective when delivered as regular sessions over a period up to 12 weeks: Phonics Toolkit Strand Education Endowment Foundation EEF	2, 3
Maths No Problem! Resources £7,500	The DfE non-statutory guidance has been produced in conjunction with the National Centre for Excellence in the Teaching of Mathematics, drawing on	2
Maths No Problem! Insights System and Assessment	evidence-based approaches: Maths guidance KS 1 and 2.pdf (publishing.ser-vice.gov.uk)	2
£1,335	The EEF guidance is based on a range of the best available evidence:	
	Improving Mathematics in Key Stages 2 and 3 The Mathematics No Problem Primary Series was	
	The Maths — No Problem! Primary Series was assessed by the DfE's expert panel, which judged that it met the core criteria for a high-quality textbook to support teaching for mastery. As a result, the MNP Primary Series are recommended textbooks for schools on the mastery programme. Maths- No Problem!	

Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support structured interventions)

Budgeted cost: £71,448

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Early intervention and assessment of speech and communication issues with rapid intervention by Speech and Language Therapist. £11,020	Oral language interventions can have a positive impact on pupils' language skills. Approaches that focus on speaking, listening and a combination of the two show positive impacts on attainment: Oral language interventions EEF (educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk)	1
Delivery of SaLT developed programmes by trained speech and language assistant (75 days of support over the year) £7,980		1
Contribution to salary of TA to deliver daily NELI language sessions in YR £13,815	The NELI intervention has been evaluated in robust trials funded by the Education Endowment Foundation and the Nuffield Foundation. These have found it to be effective for improving children's oral language skills as well as promoting longer-term progress in reading comprehension. Nuffield Early Language Intervention (NELI)	1
Salary of 2 x TAS to enable the delivery of small group teaching in Phonics and Maths in addition to targeted small group interventions/preteaching for targeted pupils. £38,633	Small group tuition has a moderate evidence base with the expected impact of 4+ months progress for those included. Intensive tuition in small groups is often provided to support lower attaining learners or those who are falling behind, but it can also be used as a more general strategy to ensure effective progress, or to teach challenging topics or skills. Small Group Tuition EEF (educationendow-mentfoundation.org.uk)	1, 2, 3

Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)

Budgeted cost: £91,061

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Salary of 2x Learning Mentors trained to deliver specific interventions, counselling, family support, attendance improvement. £40,664	There is extensive evidence associating childhood social and emotional skills with improved outcomes at school and in later life (e.g., improved academic performance, attitudes, behaviour and relationships with peers): EEF Social and Emotional Learning.pdf (educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk) Self-regulatory skills can be defined as the ability of children to manage their own behaviour and aspects of their learning. Self-Regulation EEF (educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk) Improving School Attendance advice has been informed by engagement with schools that have significantly reduced levels of absence and persistent absence.	4, 5
Salary of 2x Behaviour Mentors to support pupils to access classroom learning . £33,334	There is extensive evidence associating childhood social and emotional skills with improved outcomes at school and in later life (e.g., improved academic performance, attitudes, behaviour and relationships with peers): EEF Social and Emotional Learning.pdf (educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk) Self-regulatory skills can be defined as the ability of children to manage their own behaviour and aspects of their learning. Self-Regulation EEF (educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk)	4, 5
CPOMs subscription to log and allow analysis of behavioural incidents/response and enable targeted intervention/support £950	Both targeted interventions and universal approaches can have positive overall effects: Behaviour interventions EEF (educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk)	4, 5

Purchase of Cluster Services including attendance, family support, young persons counselling	There is extensive evidence associating childhood social and emotional skills with improved outcomes at school and in later life (e.g., improved academic performance, attitudes, behaviour and relationships with peers):	4, 5
and £16,113	EEF Social and Emotional Learning.pdf (educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk) Self-regulatory skills can be defined as the ability of children to manage their own behaviour and aspects of	
	their learning. Self-Regulation EEF (educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk)	
	Improving School Attendance advice has been informed by engagement with schools that have significantly reduced levels of absence and persistent absence.	

Total budgeted cost: £176,178

Part B: Review of outcomes in the previous academic year

Pupil premium strategy outcomes

This details the impact that our pupil premium activity had on pupils in the 2021 to 2022 academic year.

Intended outcome	Actual outcome/ pro	gress to	ward	s thi	S															
1. Pupils, who are disadvantaged,	EYFS 2023 Data:																			
communicate effectively				ACHIEVED EXPECTED COM PSE PHY LIT MAT UTW EXP																
and clearly making their				сом	•		PSE		PH	IY •		LIT •		MA	AT •		UTW		EXI	•
meaning known. Pupils are equipped to access	Setting Name	Eligible Ine	eligible	LAU	Spe	SR	MS	BR	GMS	FMS	Com	WRe	Wr	i Num	NP	P&P	PCC	Nwo	CwM	BIE
and participate in the	Oulton Primary School	46	0	76.1%	78.3%	78.3%	87.0%	93.5%	89.1%	76.1%	80.4%	41.3%	54.3%	6 73.9%	58.7%	80.4%	84.8%	87.0%	95.7%	84.8%
curriculum and not held	Not FSM6	34	0	79.4%	82.4%	79.4%	88.2%	91.2%	88.2%	76.5%	82.4%	41.2%	52.9%	82.4%	61.8%	88.2%	91.2%	94.1%	94.1%	91.2%
back by communication	FSM6	12	0	66.7%	66.7%	75.0%	83.3%	100.0%	91.7%	75.0%	75.0%	41.7%	58.3%	50.0%	50.0%	58.3%	66.7%	66.7%	100.0%	66.7%
difficulties	2022 Data:																			
					ACHIEVED EXPECTED															
				сом •		PSE •		PHY •		LIT •		МАТ	MAT •		UTW		EXP			
	Setting Name	Eligible Ineligi	ble L	AU S	pe	SR	MS	BR	GMS	FMS	Com	WRe	Wri	Num	NP	P&P	PCC	Nwo	CwM	BIE
	Oulton Primary School	42	0 90.	.5% 88.	1% 90	0.5% 90	0.5%	92.9%	92.9%	81.0%	90.5%	69.0%	59.5%	73.8%	76.2%	88.1%	90.5%	95.2%	83.3%	92.9%
	Not FSM6	36	0 91.	.7% 91.	7% 9	1.7% 9	4.4%	94.4%	94.4%	83.3%	94.4%	75.0%	63.9%	80.6%	83.3%	94.4%	94.4%	97.2%	88.9%	94.4%
	FSM6	6	0 83.	.3% 66.	7% 8	3.3% 66	6.7%	83.3%	83.3%	66.7%	66.7%	33.3%	33.3%	33.3%	33.3%	50.0%	66.7%	83.3%	50.0%	83.3%

Y1 Phonics:

2023 Data:

					Ma	Outcome							
Estab. Name	Cohort	No Score	0-15	16-23	24-31	32-36	37-40	APS	Q	A		wT	WA
Oulton Primary School	42	7.1%	14.3%	2.4%	11.9%	23.8%	40.5%	30.5	0.0%	2.4%	4.8%	28.6%	64.3%
Not FSM6	34	2.9%	8.8%	2.9%	14.7%	23.5%	47.1%	32.4	0.0%	0.0%	2.9%	26.5%	70.6%
FSM6	8	25.0%	37.5%	0.0%	0.0%	25.0%	12.5%	20.0	0.0%	12.5%	12.5%	37.5%	37.5%

2022 Data:

				Ma	Outcome							
Estab. Name Coho	No rt Score		16-23	24-31	32-36	37-40	APS	Q	A	100	WT	WA
Oulton Primary School	48 6.3%	25.0%	6.3%	25.0%	12.5%	25.0%	25.6	0.0%	2.1%	4.2%	56.3%	37.5%
Not FSM6	30 10.0%	10.0%	3.3%	26.7%	16.7%	33.3%	30.7	0.0%	3.3%	6.7%	40.0%	50.0%
FSM6	18 0.0%	50.0%	11.1%	22.2%	5.6%	11.1%	17.9	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	83.3%	16.7%

Y2 Phonics:

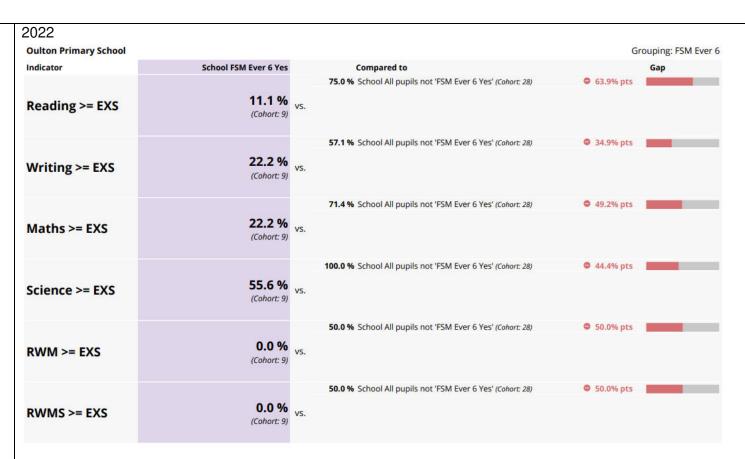
2023 Data:

					Ma	Outcome							
Estab. Name	Cohort	No Score	0-15	16-23	24-31	32-36	37-40	APS	Q	A	e D	WT	WA
Oulton Primary School	28	7.1%	14.3%	14.3%	10.7%	32.1%	21.4%	28.3	0.0%	0.0%	7.1%	39.3%	53.6%
Not FSM6	15	13.3%	0.0%	13.3%	13.3%	33.3%	26.7%	32.2	0.0%	0.0%	13.3%	26.7%	60.0%
FSM6	13	0.0%	30.8%	15.4%	7.7%	30.8%	15.4%	24.5	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	53.8%	46.2%

2022 Data:															
					Ma	rk			Outcome						
Estab. Name	Cohort	No Score	0-15	16-23	24-31	32-36	37-40	APS	Q	A		WT	WA		
Oulton Primary School	9	11.1%	22.2%	0.0%	44.4%	11.1%	11.1%	24.6	0.0%	0.0%	11.1%	66.7%	22.2%		
Not FSM6	4	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	25.0%	25.0%	31.0	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	50.0%	50.0%		
FSM6	5	20.0%	40.0%	0.0%	40.0%	0.0%	0.0%	18.3	0.0%	0.0%	20.0%	80.0%	0.0%		

KS1 Gap Analysis

Oulton Primary School			Grouping: FSM Eve
Indicator	School FSM Ever 6 Yes	Compared to	Gap
Reading >= EXS	12.5 % vs. (Cohort: 16)	41.4 % School All pupils not 'FSM Ever 6 Yes' (Cohort: 29)	● 28.9% pts
Writing >= EXS	12.5 % vs. (Cohort: 16)	31.0 % School All pupils not 'FSM Ever 6 Yes' (Cohort: 29)	● 18.5% pts
Maths >= EXS	12.5 % vs. (Cohort: 16)	58.6 % School All pupils not 'FSM Ever 6 Yes' (Cohort: 29)	• 46.1% pts
Science >= EXS	31.3 % vs. (Cohort: 16)	75.9 % School All pupils not 'FSM Ever 6 Yes' (Cohort: 29)	● 44.6% pts
RWM >= EXS	6.3 % vs. (Cohort: 16)	20.7 % School All pupils not 'FSM Ever 6 Yes' (Cohort: 29)	● 14.4% pts
RWMS >= EXS	6.3 % vs. (Cohort: 16)	20.7 % School All pupils not 'FSM Ever 6 Yes' (Cohort: 29)	● 14.4% pts



KS2

2023 KS2 Attainment Data:

		RWM	 *		READ	DING		WRITIN	G TA		MA	THS			G	PS	
School	Cohort	● ● ≥Exp	High	Avg. SS	• <exp< th=""><th>● ● ≥Exp</th><th>High</th><th>● ● ≥Exp</th><th>GDS</th><th>Avg. SS</th><th>• <exp< th=""><th>● ● ≥Exp</th><th>• High</th><th>Avg. SS</th><th>• <exp< th=""><th>● ● ≥Exp</th><th>High</th></exp<></th></exp<></th></exp<>	● ● ≥Exp	High	● ● ≥Exp	GDS	Avg. SS	• <exp< th=""><th>● ● ≥Exp</th><th>• High</th><th>Avg. SS</th><th>• <exp< th=""><th>● ● ≥Exp</th><th>High</th></exp<></th></exp<>	● ● ≥Exp	• High	Avg. SS	• <exp< th=""><th>● ● ≥Exp</th><th>High</th></exp<>	● ● ≥Exp	High
Oulton Primary School	46	45.7%	2.2%	102.5	32.6%	67.4%	15.2%	54.3%	4.3%	101.2	32.6%	67.4%	8.7%	100.3	45.7%	54.3%	8.7%
FSM6	21	33.3%	0.0%	99.9	38.1%	61.9%	4.8%	47.6%	4.8%	99.1	42.9%	57.1%	0.0%	97.5	66.7%	33.3%	4.8%
Not FSM6	25	56.0%	4.0%	104.9	28.0%	72.0%	24.0%	60.0%	4.0%	103.0	24.0%	76.0%	16.0%	102.8	28.0%	72.0%	12.0%

2022 KS2 Attainment Data: RWM* READING WRITING TA **MATHS** GPS School Cohort **Oulton Primary School** 53.3% 17.8% 73.3% 24.4% FSM6 37.5% 6.3% 101.6 31.3% 68.8% 12.5% 56.3% 6.3% 102.2 37.5% 62.5% 18.8% 101.3 37.5% 62.5% 12.5% 31.0% 105.5 24.1% Not FSM6 62.1% 3.4% 105.5 24.1% 82.8% 13.8% 104.7 24.1% 75.9% 31.0%

2023 KS2 Progress Data:

				READING				WRITI	NG		MATHS				
Estab. Name		Avg. KS1 Pt Score	Cover.	% Prog. Score ≥0	_	Conf. Int.	Cover.	% Prog. Score ≥0	_	Conf. Int.	Cover.	% Prog. Score ≥0	_	Conf. Int.	
Oulton Primary School	46	7.1	97.8%	57.8%	+0.58	±1.84	97.8%	55.6%	-0.25	±1.77	97.8%	42.2%	+0.02	±1.73	
FSM 6	21	6.6	100.0%	42.9%	-0.01	±2.69	100.096	66.7%	+0.34	±2.59	100.0%	47.6%	-0.10	±2.53	
Non FSM 6	25	7.5	96.0%	70.8%	+1.10	±2.52	96.0%	45.8%	-0.76	±2.42	96.0%	37.5%	+0.12	±2.37	

2022 KS2 Progress Data:

			READING				WRITI	NG		MATHS				
Estab. Name		Avg. KS1 Pt Score	Cover.	% Prog. Score ≥0	_	Conf. Int.	Cover.	% Prog. Score ≥0	_	Conf. Int.	Cover.	% Prog. Score ≥0	_	Conf. Int.
Oulton Primary School	45	7.7	93.3%	47.6%	-0.43	±1.93	93.3%	66.7%	+0.76	±1.87	93.3%	57.1%	+1.34	±1.80
FSM 6	16	7.4	87.5%	35.7%	-1.20	±3.35	87.5%	50.0%	-0.96	±3.24	87.5%	50.0%	+0.99	±3.12
Non FSM 6	29	7.8	96.6%	53.6%	-0.05	±2.37	96.6%	75.0%	+1.63	±2.29	96.6%	60.7%	+1.51	±2.20

- Whole school focus on consistency across learning environments to support communication and understanding. Visual 'Widgit' symbols used in all classrooms alongside text.
- Exit assessments from specific therapy plans demonstrate clear progress awaiting 2022-23 Chatterbug report
 Pupils on NHS SSD pathway (3 pupils) have made significant progress. 2 pupils previously met the FFI criteria but now do not, due to
 their improved speech sound articulation. 1 pupil is now accessing his mainstream class full time as he is able to access the learning/
 participate with peers more independently.

	Disadvantaged pupils, with communication difficulties, make good progress in phonics and reading as demonstrated by ongoing and statutory assessments
2. Pupils, who are disadvantaged, achieve the best possible outcomes; not only in Reading, Writing and Maths but across the entire curriculum	 Deep dives in a range of curriculum areas, by both LA SIA and Ofsted, found good quality work showing clear progression. Curriculum overview reviewed and rearranged for 23-24 to build on work previously done and coverage adapted to ensure appropriate pitch/interest for school context.
3. Disadvantaged pupils can read at an age-appropriate level with fluency which enables them to access the broader curriculum	1:1 RWI assessments (half termly), use of NFER tests (2 x yearly) and ongoing teacher assessment ensure teaching and intervention is appropriately targeted. Disadvantaged pupils targeted by class-based staff for additional reading support.
4. Children's SEMH needs have limited impact on their/others learning	 Many children and families have been supported by cluster services such as family support and counselling. This has had a positive impact on the emotional needs of pupils and, in some cases, has led to further referrals to agencies such as CAMHS through Mindmate SPA.
	 Placements for individual pupils at alternative provision has meant a decrease in significant behaviour incidents and general disruption to teaching and learning.
	The use of such placements decreased in 2022-23 and currently in 23-24, there are no placements in use as the addition of 'Behaviour Mentors' have enabled us to better meet the needs of pupils within the school.

Externally provided programmes

Please include the names of any non-DfE programmes that you purchased in the previous academic year. This will help the Department for Education identify which ones are popular in England

Programme	Provider
Read, Write, Inc. Phonics	Ruth Miskin, Oxford University Press
Read, Write, Inc. Fresh Start	Ruth Miskin, Oxford University Press
Read, Write, Inc. Spelling	Ruth Miskin, Oxford University Press
Read, Write, Inc. Handwriting	Ruth Miskin, Oxford University Press
Maths-No Problem! Maths Scheme	Maths-No Problem!
NELI (Nuffield Early Language Intervention)	Nuffield Foundation
Speech and Language Support	Chatter Bugs